Page: 1 Printed: 04/11/2016 Revision: 02/17/2016

1. Product and Company Identification		
Product Code:	17360	
Product Name:	Pineapple Juice Flavor	
Company Name:	Perfumer's Apprentice 170 Technology Circle Scotts Valley, CA 95066	<b>Phone Number:</b> (831)316-7137
Web site address:	Perfumersapprentice.com	
Emergency Contact:	Chem-Tel Phone	(800)255-3924 01 (813)248-0585
Information:	Contract #: MIS6760377	

# 2. Hazards Identification

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2A Flammable Liquids, Category 4



GHS Signal Word:	Warning	
GHS Hazard Phrases:	Combustible liquid.	
	Causes serious eye irritation.	
GHS Precaution Phrases:	Keep away from {heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces} No smoking.	
	Wash {hands} thoroughly after handling.	
	Wear {protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection}.	
GHS Response Phrases:	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if	
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
	If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.	
GHS Storage and Disposal	Store in cool/well-ventilated place.	
Phrases:	Dispose of contents/container to {}.	
Potential Health Effects		
(Acute and Chronic):		
Inhalation:	May be harmful if inhaled.	
Skin Contact:	May cause skin irritation.	
Eye Contact:	May cause eye irritation.	
3. Composition/Information on Ingredients		

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration
57-55-6	Propylene glycol	90.0 -99.0 %
121-32-4	Benzaldehyde, 3-ethoxy-4-hydroxy-	1.0 -5.0 %
121-33-5	Vanillin	1.0 -5.0 %
123-68-2	Hexanoic acid, 2-propenyl ester	1.0 -5.0 %

	4. First Aid Measures
Emergency and First Aid Procedures:	
In Case of Inhalation:	If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor
In Case of Skin Contact:	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
In Case of Eye Contact:	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and specia treatment needed:	Propylene glycol is primarily a CNS depressant in large doses and may cause I hypoglycaemia, lactic acidosis and seizures. The usual measures are supportive care and decontamination (Ipecac/ lavage/ activated charcoal/ cathartics), within 2 hours of exposure should suffice. Check the anion gap, arterial pH, renal function and glucose levels.
	5. Fire Fighting Measures
Flash Pt:	74.30 C Method Used: Closed Cup
Explosive Limits:	LEL: No data. UEL: No data.
Autoignition Pt:	No data.
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Alcohol stable foam. Dry chemical powder. BCF (where regulations permit). Carbon dioxide
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
Flammable Properties and Hazards:	Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). Combustion products include:, carbon dioxide (CO2), other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	No data available.

	6. Accidental Release Measures
Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:	Environmental hazard - contain spillage. Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
	7. Handling and Storage
Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:	Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. Glycols and their ethers undergo violent decomposition in contact with 70% perchloric acid. This seems likely to involve formation of the glycol perchlorate esters (after scission of ethers) which are explosive, those of ethylene glycol and 3-chloro-1,2-propanediol being more powerful than glyceryl nitrate, and the former so sensitive that it explodes on addition of water. Alcohols are incompatible with strong acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, oxidising and reducing agents. reacts, possibly violently, with alkaline metals and alkaline earth metals to produce hydrogen react with strong acids, strong caustics, aliphatic amines, isocyanates, acetaldehyde, benzoyl peroxide, chromic acid, chromium oxide, dialkylzincs, dichlorine oxide, ethylene oxide, hypochlorous acid, isopropyl chlorocarbonate, lithium tetrahydroaluminate, nitrogen dioxide, pentafluoroguanidine, phosphorus halides, phosphorus pentasulfide, tangerine oil, triethylaluminium, triisobutylaluminium should not be heated above 49 deg. C. when in contact with aluminium equipment
Other Precautions:	Material is hygroscopic, i.e. absorbs moisture from the air. Keep containers well sealed in storage. Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

CAS #	Partial Chemical Name	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits
57-55-6	Propylene glycol	No data.	No data.	No data.
121-32-4	Benzaldehyde, 3-ethoxy-4-hydroxy-	No data.	No data.	No data.
121-33-5	Vanillin	No data.	No data.	No data.
123-68-2	Hexanoic acid, 2-propenyl ester	No data.	No data.	No data.

Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type):	Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent) Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.
Eye Protection:	Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.
Protective Gloves:	Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several

	substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice. Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage.
Other Protective Clothing:	Overalls. P.V.C. apron. Barrier cream.
Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.):	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

	9. Physical and Chemical Properties
Physical States:	[]Gas [X]Liquid []Solid
Appearance and Odor:	Clear colorless to light yellow liquid with pineapple flavor and scent.
pH:	No data.
Melting Point:	No data.
Boiling Point:	No data.
Flash Pt:	74.30 C Method Used: Closed Cup
Evaporation Rate:	No data.
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available.
Explosive Limits:	LEL: No data. UEL: No data.
Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg):	No data.
Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):	No data.
Specific Gravity (Water = 1):	1.03
Solubility in Water:	No data.
<b>Octanol/Water Partition</b>	No data.
Coefficient:	
Autoignition Pt:	No data.
Decomposition Temperature	
Viscosity:	No data.
	10. Stability and Reactivity
Stability:	Unstable [ ] Stable [ X ]
Conditions To Avoid - Instability:	No data available.
Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid:	No data available.
Hazardous Decomposition of Byproducts:	r No data available.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	Will occur [ ] Will not occur [ X ]
Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:	No data available.

		11. Toxicolog	gical Informa	ation	
Toxicological	Information:	No data available.			
Carcinogenic	ity:	NTP? No IARC Mon	ographs? No	OSHA Regulated? N	lo
		12. Ecologi	cal Informat	ion	
		No data available.			
		13. Disposa	l Considerat	ions	
Waste Dispos	sal Method:	No data available.			
		14. Transp	ort Informat	ion	
GHS Classific	cation:	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Flammable Liquids, Cate	-		ses serious eye irritation
LAND TRANS	SPORT (US DOT	Г):			
DOT Prop DOT Haza UN/NA Νι	ard Class:	me: Not regulated.			
LAND TRANS	SPORT (Canadi	an TDG):			
TDG Ship	ping Name:	Not regulated.			
LAND TRANS	SPORT (Europe	an ADR/RID):			
ADR/RID UN Numb Hazard Cl	-	: Not regulated.			
MARINE TRA	ANSPORT (IMD	G/IMO):			
IMDG/IM(	O Shipping Nan	ne: Not regulated.			
AIR TRANSP	ORT (ICAO/IAT	A):			
ICAO/IAT	A Shipping Nam	ne: Not regulated.			
Additional Tr	ransport	Not regulated.			
Information:		15 Regulat	ory Informat	tion	
<b>CAS #</b> 57-55-6	-	ments and Reauthorization <i>A</i> nponents (Chemical Name) I	S. 302 (EHS) No	<b>S. 304 RQ</b> No	<b>S. 313 (TRI)</b> No
121-32-4	Benzaldehyde, 3	3-ethoxy-4-hydroxy-	No	No	No
121-33-5	Vanillin		No	No	No
123-68-2	Hexanoic acid, 2	2-propenyl ester	No	No	No
This material meets the EPA[X] Yes [] NoAcute (immediate) Health Hazard'Hazard Categories' defined[] Yes [X] NoChronic (delayed) Health Hazardfor SARA Title III Sections[X] Yes [] NoFire Hazard311/312 as indicated:[] Yes [X] NoSudden Release of Pressure Hazard[] Yes [X] No[] Yes [X] NoReactive Hazard					
CAS #	Hazardous Con	nponents (Chemical Name)	Other US EPA	A or State Lists	
57-55-6	Propylene glyco	l	CA PROP.65:	No	
121-32-4	-	3-ethoxy-4-hydroxy-	CA PROP.65:		
121-33-5					
123-68-2	nexanoic acid, 2	2-propenyi ester	CA PROP.65:	INO	

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	International Regulatory Lists	
57-55-6	Propylene glycol	REACH: Yes - (R), (P)	
121-32-4	Benzaldehyde, 3-ethoxy-4-hydroxy-	REACH: Yes - (R), (P)	
121-33-5	Vanillin	REACH: Yes - (R), (P)	
123-68-2	Hexanoic acid, 2-propenyl ester	REACH: Yes - (R), (P)	
	16. Other	Information	
Revision Date	e: 02/17/2016		

Additional Information About This Product:	This product contains no added diacetyl as an ingredient. However, because diacetyl can occur in small amounts as an artifact of the production process in other ingredients, "No Added Diacetyl" products may not be "Diacetyl Free", as trace amounts may be present.
Company Policy or Disclaimer:	The information provided on this SDS is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any other process, unless specified in the text.